Budgeting Information for 2024/25

**Purpose of the report**

The purpose of the report is to advise and explain the process of reviewing and setting a budget

NALC/LRALC, LCC, SLCC have been offering information, meetings and training sessions to all parish and town councils to assist with the preparation of the budgets for this year due to the unprecedented issues being experienced by everyone.

I have tried to collate some of this information to ensure that the Parish Council is able to make an informed decision regarding its budget for 2023/24 and ultimately its precept request.

# Background information

# Financial Year

The information below relates to the financial year beginning on 1 April 2024 and ending on 31 March 2025.

# What is budgeting?

A budget is a financial plan for a specific period.

All town and parish councils, no matter of their size, have a statutory duty to produce an annual budget.

The budget must be prepared and approved before setting the precept. This allows for councils to plan for future projects, flags up any under or over send and then allows for an appropriate precept to be set.

There are different budget approaches:

* Incremental method.
* Zero based budget.
* Forecasting.

For the purposes of the Castle Donington Parish Council budget and precept setting, a mixture of incremental and forecasting has been used.

The current year figures have been reviewed in terms of identifying activities that happen on an annual basis, which have happened in the current year and won’t happen again and also identifying anything that hasn’t happened in the current year but will in the future.

Part of the budget process is to assess the levels of income. For Castle Donington, there is considerable amount of income from hall bookings and the allotments as well as the Precept.

A council should provide for contingencies and consider the need for balances. Some councils may have certainty in their spending plans, but others do not, especially those with a large portfolio of facilities. Contingencies should be included for the unknown but should not be excessive. Councils might work to the principle that it is better to raise cash from a higher precept, and not use it than to set the precept too low, and so run out of cash and run the risk of incurring an unlawful overdraft.

A well managed council will look beyond the current year and think about future substantial commitments. To this end, Castle Donington Parish Council has a well documented Reserves Policy and Earmarked Reserves document (Medium Term Planning).

All local councils must hold general reserves and may hold earmarked reserves. There is no limit on earmarked reserves which are held for a particular purpose. Having healthy general reserves gives a council more options, particularly in an operating environment that is uncertain (no more obvious than through the recent Covid Pandemic). The more asset-rich a council is the closer to the 12 months of general reserves it should try to achieve.

LRALC would advise that councils should not adopt a position of zero increase to its precept, based primarily on adopting a principle that it cannot increase its precept during a cost-of-living crisis.

This may be achieved by thorough budgeting processes; however, this is unlikely to actually save the average household more than a few pence a month. If a local council does agree to this principle, it needs to clearly state how this can be achieved and from where the additional cost increases will be funded from.

The Practitioner’s Guide is a helpful resource on budgeting; the latest copy is available to download at [file (nalc.gov.uk)](https://www.nalc.gov.uk/library/our-work/jpag/3859-practitioners-guide-2023/file)

# Some known and basic facts/information for this year:

# Cost-of-Living Crisis

There is a lot of discussion around the cost-of-living crisis, and how an individual maybe affected by any potential increases. Consideration should be given to the increased levels of those who are able to apply for and receive assistance with their council tax. Also, councils should consider that they have the ability and powers to allow them to support local groups and charities, and therefore may wish to increase the availability of this grant funding to help during the cost-of-living crisis.

# Precept Referendums

Unlike principal councils, parish and town councils are not restricted in the increases that can be applied to precepts. The Council Tax Referendum Principles do not apply to parish and town councils currently. This has been confirmed again for this forth coming year

# Inflation Forecast

The latest Consumer Prices Index (CPI) annual rate is 4.9%. Clearly, the economy is volatile and subject to external forces, not least global energy prices, which have been affected by the war in Ukraine, so all forecasts are inherently unreliable.

For the purposes of the Castle Donington budget, a 4.5% increase is added to most of last year’s figures (although not all).

**Salaries**

The national minimum wage is set to increase by 9.8% from April. It is expected that a similar increase is likely to be agreed at some point during the year for clerks and other staff. A 10% flat rate has been included for the purposes of this budget.

# Service Devolution

Neither principal authority has confirmed any plans for wholescale devolution of assets or services in 2024/25, although the door is likely to be open to requests from individual parish and town councils.

# Elections

LRALC advises councils to budget for a quarter of the cost of an election each year to help smooth out the peaks. Costs for contested elections are still being collated by LRALC (many BC/DCs have not yet set them).

It will not be known if the Parish Council will have an election or not until just before the election itself, it must budget for a contested election as the costs for a small parish council could be equal to a quarter of their normal annual budget.

If the money is not used it can be held in earmarked reserves for a future election, or vire to another project.

# Training

**All** councils should ideally have a Training Statement of Intent (policy) and should allocate a budget for training for councillors and staff (in line with the agreed Training Policy).

# Council Tax Base

The Council Tax Base is calculated by first identifying the total number if dwellings in a Parish. This figure then takes into account the number of discounts and exemptions. It also includes a bad debt provision of 2.5% of the base and growth has been applied for the non-collection and banding appeals. (This remains high to reflect the expectation of the high level of bad debts).

The formula is:

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  Precept  | = | Band D Council Tax Rate |
| Council Tax Base |

NWLDC has confirmed the Council Tax Base figures for 2024/25 is 2949. This has increased from last year and this is relative to the people being eligible for council tax benefits and bad debts.

**LRALC**

LRALC has been reviewing its budgets as all parish and own councils. It is set to increase its annual fees and the cost to Castle Donington Parish Council will be £950, based on the village population.

**Matters specific to Castle Donington Parish Council**

**Utilities**

All of the Parish Council utility services are in, or will be, fixed term contracts by the end of the year, allowing maximum access to the government support grants.

Utilities are still a major source of cost, and continued review of usage is needed to keep costs as low as practicable.

**Parish Council facilities/land portfolio includes:**

* Community Hub – large hall, 3 hirable meeting rooms, library Parish Council offices, Community Café, Volunteer Centre office, Community reception and Community Library.
* Spital Park pavilion – large hall, 6 changing rooms, refs’ rooms, and 11 sports pitches.
* Bowls Club pavilion and Dovecote.
* Village Hall.
* Moira Dale sports pavilion – small room, refs’ room, 4 changing rooms and 3 sports pitches.
* Castle Donington college access to 2 sports pitches and changing facilities.
* Allotments 177 plots.
* Cemetery circa 2120 plots.
* St Edwards closed churchyard.
* 13 play areas.
* 4 playing fields.
* Various open spaces.
* Common land.

**Future staffing requirements**

Staffing is reasonably stable currently, although the age demographic means that planning for future retirements, and training of newer staff is required.

The Parish Council will inherit 2 new play areas and a very large parcel of land in relation to the housing developments off Park Lane. Plus, it has also agreed to purchase land behind Moira Dale. This increase in facilities again, will put a strain on the existing staff members in and outside of the office and is likely going to require ½ to 1 person equivalent for grounds staff. Potentially similar for the office because of the increase enquiries etc. from taking on more.

Reception at the Community Hub has had the benefit of having a number of voluntary staff helping to keep this running. This does save costs for the Parish Council but can be unreliable at times and unpredictable. Currently we are running with 3 volunteers and covering the rest with office staff. This may at some point need to become a paid for position.

Caretaking and cleaning – Increased levels of usage for the Parish Council facilities increases the need for more caretaking and cleaning. The current arrangements are working well.

Community Café – This is a thriving venture, and the usage is steadily increasing on a weekly basis. Staffing has now settled with two members going through training.

**Community events**

**May event**

This is to continue on the first Monday in May and will be focused on a “English garden fete” style.

**Summer event**

No sponsorship received to date from last year’s Download event at Donington Park.

Information and opportunities being explored. Report to be brought to future council meeting.

**Remembrance parade**

This will continue working in collaboration with the Castle Donington and District Royal British Legion. It does require the support and assistance of additional marshals. Grant allocated in budget to be paid to British Legion as a contribution towards the costs of the event. No income stream included.

**Wakes street fair**

This will continue to be organised in conjunction with the members of the Showmen’s Guild. It does require the support and assistance of additional marshals. Income and expenditure streams included in budget setting.

**Christmas Cheer**

This has grown in size again. A new format will be needed for 3034, including change of day. This was reported in brief at the December meeting.

**Community Hub**

There are a number of events working in collaboration with the Volunteer Centre and Community Library.

These will continue to be provided and put-on as many receive grant funding or are cost neutral. No expenditure included in budget setting.

**Facility information**

**Turf allotments**

* 177 allotments
* 2 currently vacant with viewings taking place
* 12 on the waiting list
* 2 inspections/year
* Grounds team update on issues
* Occasional ongoing brook issues but Severn Trent not very helpful – still under investigation

Income for the year (to date) = £5,490

**Barroon Cemetery**

* 2022  Full earthen graves – 2029
* 29 Half Earthen graves – 30
* 73 Cremated Remains plots – 76
* Garden of Remembrance – not numbered – 5 interment of ashes including one illegal scattering of ashes in the GOR which took considerable time to establish who the people were and subsequently meet with the family, legally log etc
* 27 Interments – 33 – this includes re-open of graves or cremated remains plots
* 18 Memorials - 16
* 20 Exclusive Rights of Burials – new and transfers. Transfers can quite often be time consuming as there is a legal process that needs to be followed and can involve various lengthy stages.   19 - One still ongoing from March 2022 NOK not replying to all communications and another from March 23.
* 2 Inspections/year but can be more if required
* Contacting EROB owners regarding various issues – unsafe headstone, unauthorised memorials/adornments etc
* ICCM membership invaluable

Income for the year (to date) = £11,995

**Bookings**



**Community Hub**

Income for the year (to date) =£10,577

Rent for the year (to date) = £5,378

Café income for the year (to date) = £20,910

**Spital Park**

Income for the year (to date) = £11,933

**Moira Dale**

Income for the year (to date) = £14,308

**Business Plan**

A review of the Business Plan took place in December, except for tow sections, which will be reviewed at the January meeting. This is part of the medium-term planning processes.

**Existing and on-going contracts**

* Grounds Maintenance.
* Dog bins and feminine hygiene.
* Christmas lights.
* Computer related.
* Hanging baskets.
* Utilities.
* Book keeper.
* Cleaning.

**Climate change**

Carbon footprint of buildings – An energy performance assessment is required for all buildings. This is to allow for future efficiencies to be explored.

Electric charging points – need and availability being explored.

SUV – photovoltaic panels – need and availability will continue to be explored.

Wildflower planting areas – will continue to evolve, working in conjunction with the ground’s maintenance contractors.

Tree planting to be explored for existing and new areas of land. This can take place in the new council year and when the new land is acquired.

Bulb planting working in collaboration with local residents to improve the visual aesthetics of the village and improve carbon footprint.

**Grant requests**

Castle Donington Community Library and the Twinning Association have requested grants to assist with their running costs and events.

No other increased grant requests have been received to date.

Cost-of-living grants – It may be possible to support the local community by offering more small grants to local charities and groups.

**Play area improvements**

A lot of the play areas are getting to an age that there may be a requirement for some new equipment. Within the Business Plan, it is recommended that this work can be funded through the Section 106 agreements.

**New land**

The Parish Council has agreed to purchase land behind Moira Dale playing field. This is progressing.

A large area of land will be transferred to the Parish Council from the developments off Park Lane.

Both these areas will need careful planning and collaborative working with outside bodies to achieve their potential at minimal ongoing costs.

**New play areas**

Two new play areas will be transferred to the Parish Council from the developments off Park Lane. These will be installed by the developers and a small amount of funds for ongoing maintenance will be given by the developers, but they will increase the levels of work for grounds staff, annual inspections and ongoing maintenance and vandalism.

**Section 106 funding**

Money is due from the developments off Park Lane. This comes through in phases at the agreed trigger points.

**Cemetery footpaths**

As part of the on-going maintenance plans and the Business Plan, it may be possible to look at improving the footpath surfaces over the next few years. This can be investigated more when the funds are available and in the new council year (after the elections in May).

**Fees for Parish Council services**

Separate report

**Local Council Award Scheme (LCAS)**

This scheme is now live again and should be explored in the new council year.

This scheme has been designed to celebrate the successes of the very best councils and to provide a framework to support all local councils to improve and develop to meet their full potential. The scheme offers councils the opportunity to show that they meet the standards set by the sector, assessed them by their peers, and put in place the conditions for continued development.

The scheme has been designed to provide the tools and encouragement to those councils at the beginning of their development journeys, as well as promote and recognize councils that are at the cutting edge of the sector. It is only through the sector working together, to share best practices, drive up standards and support those who are committed to improving their offer to the communities that individual councils and the sector as a whole will reach full potential.

**Recommendation**

The recommendation to the council is to approve the budget and precept are circulated. Price per Band D resident 2024-25 being £164.63. Equivalent to 17p per week increase.